Surviving Drought and Climate Change

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Farmers
BOGGABRI NSW



Kilmarnock Farming Pty Ltd

Irrigated Crops 1647ha:

Cotton, Durum, Canola, Sorghum, Corn

Dryland Crops 1212 ha:

Cotton, Durum, Canola, Chickpeas, Sorghum, Corn

Grazing 770ha: Leased out under a Rotational Grazing

Management System

Rainfall: 590mm





Water Sources Keepit Dam-Namoi River

Bores

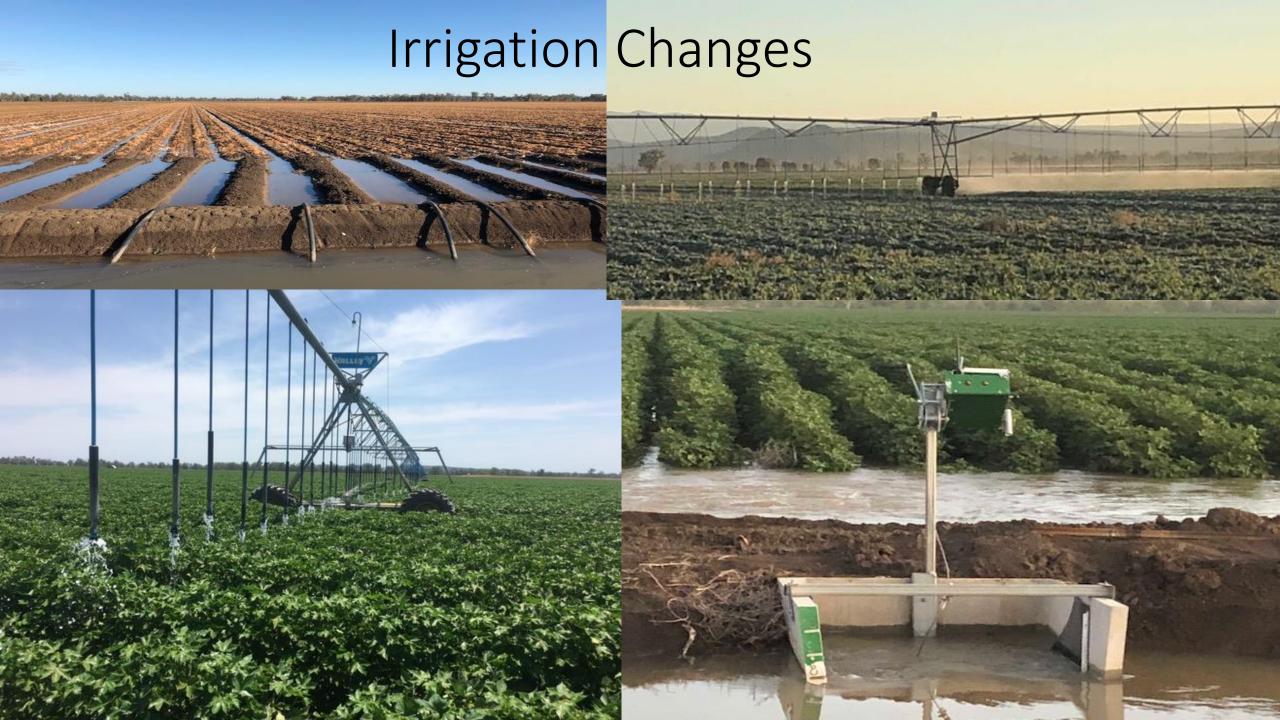


- Continuous Accounting
- Carryover 200%,
- Usage 125%
- Trading

- Supplementary Flows
 - Overland Flows

- Annual Allocation
- Carryover 300%
- Usage 200%
- Zone trading

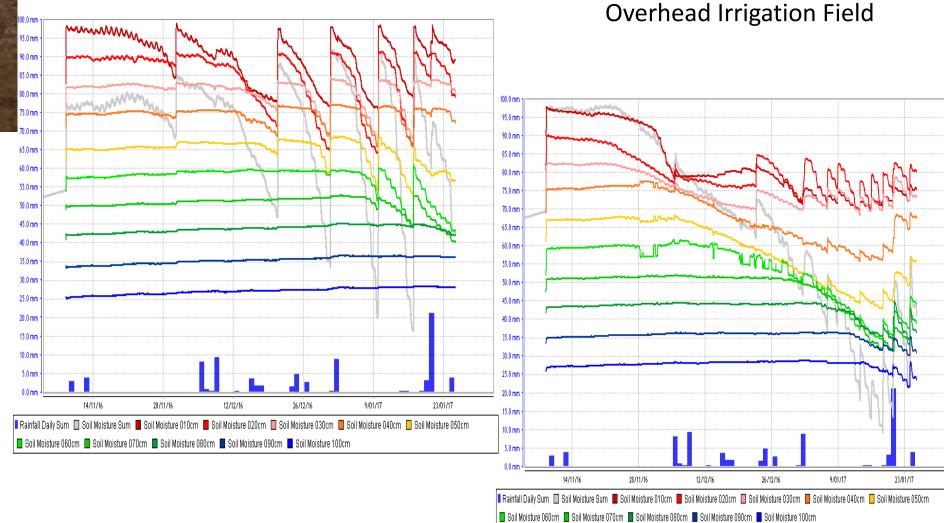
Mix of Licenses to reduce risk



PR2/4 40cm 80.0

Soil Moisture Probes

Furrow Irrigation Field



Infrastructure & Management Changes

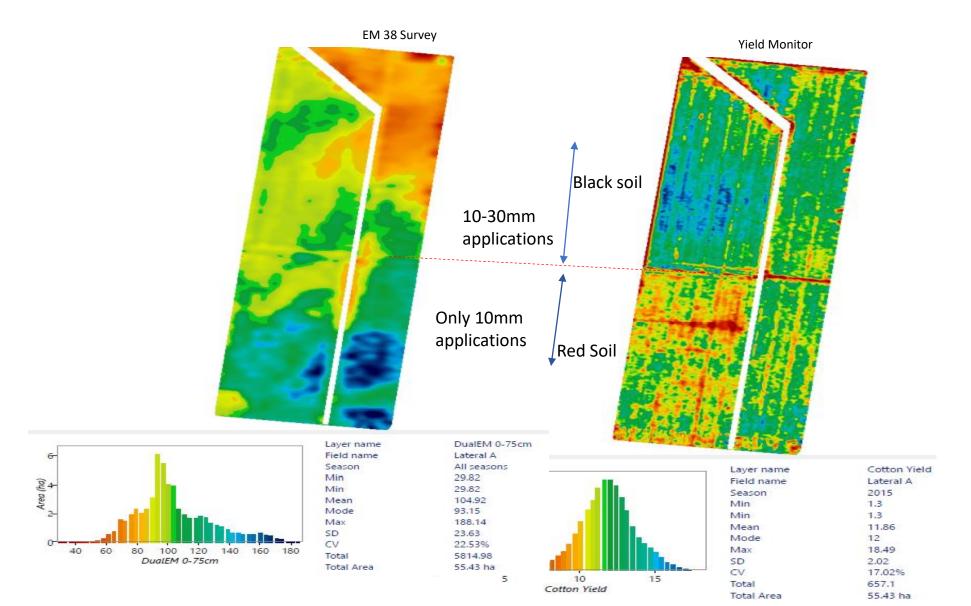


Mix Bentonite into leaking channels

- Split Dam to reduce evaporation of small amounts of water
- Store water in fallow land
- Replace sand with clay



Variable Rate v Soil Type Irrigation Trial





Research Directions – New Dams

Hoover Dam-Natural desalination



Research Directions

- Transmission losses
 - Storage to Farm
 - Intra Farm

Concrete Channels





Buried Mains & Transmission

California Aqueduct

Research Directions

- Water Storage
 - Evaporation on farm- storages and channels- membranes, polymers, floating covers
 - Aquifer Recharge- Excess surface water is stored in ponds with high infiltration into upper aquifers





Surface Drip



• Irrigation methods

Sprinkler



Single year lay flat

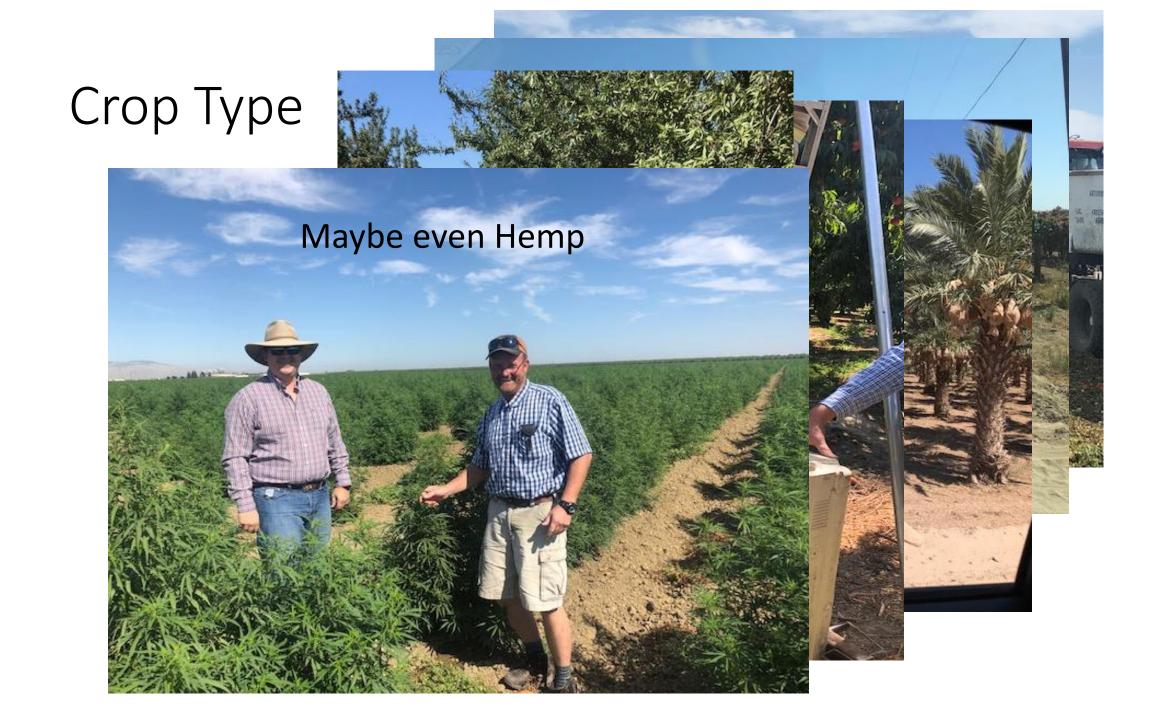












Murray Darling Basin Plan

- not designed to stop droughts
- Best environmental, social and economic outcomes for what water is available
- Question of climate change
- Best chance of reasonable outcome

